

# A step-by-step guide to cataloging collections in



A collection is any source that contains more than one work.

In addition to the usual entries that describe each work, a parent record is needed to link them all together. The parent record is a sort of summary and describes the item as a whole.

Information that is true for all items in the collection belongs in the parent record. This can include things like the title on the source, dimensions, and the date.

Information that is true for only a single work belongs in the child record, such as title, page number, and incipit.

This guide assumes you are familiar with basic Muscat cataloging for scores.

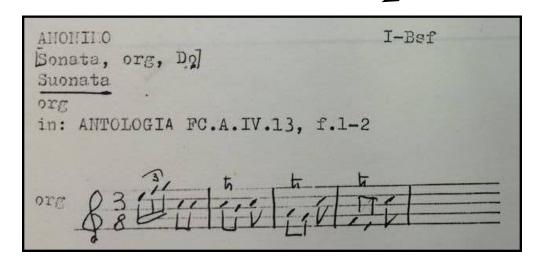
If you haven't viewed the guide for scores yet, take a look at it now!

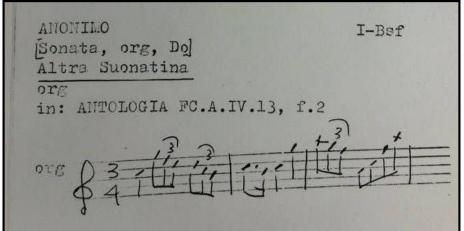
https://rism.info/community/muscat/tutorials.html

We will catalog this collection (RISM ID no. 1001005423). These cards are for a...

```
ANTOLOGIA FC.A.IV.13 I-Bsf
MS, fine 18 sec., partit., 2 f., 23x32 cm.
contiene: 2 sonate per org di autore anonimo
f.1: Registratura/Princip.Sop.e Bar.Ottava e
Flauto
```

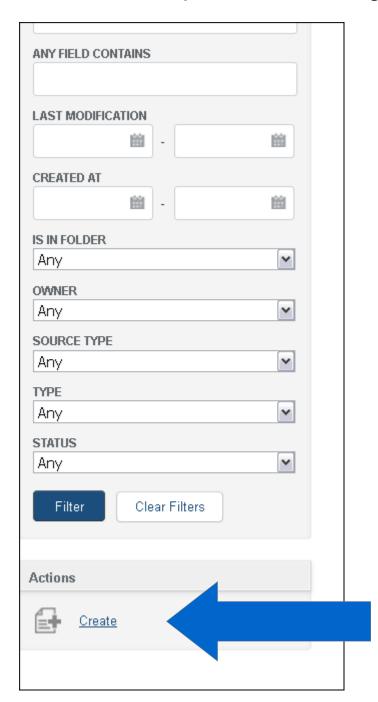
Collection containing two sonatas

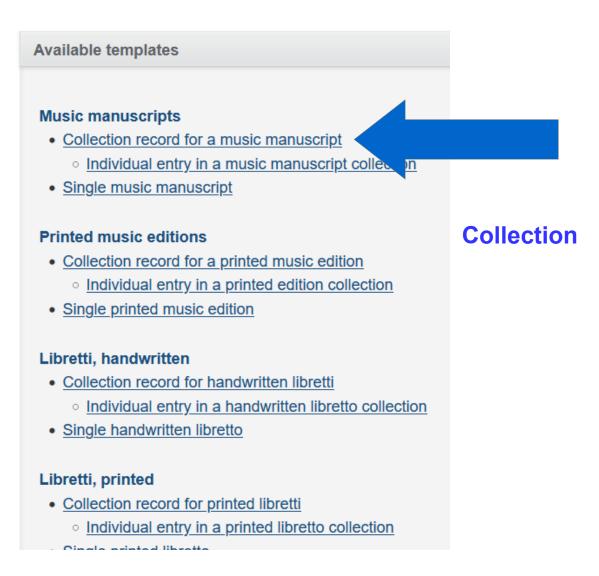




We will create three records total: one parent record and two child entries.

# First, create the parent record. Begin a new record for a collection:





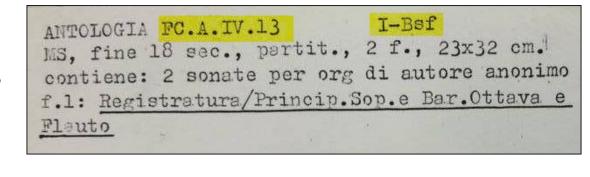
Create

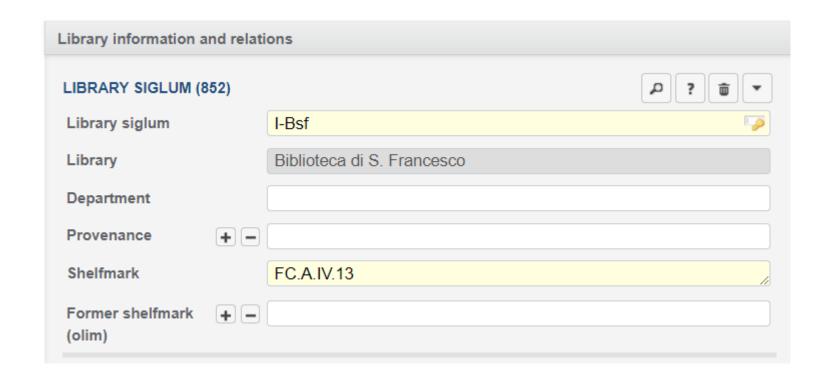
Always ask yourself: What is true for the entire collection?

Start with Library information and relations

# Library siglum (852)

- Library siglum
- Shelfmark



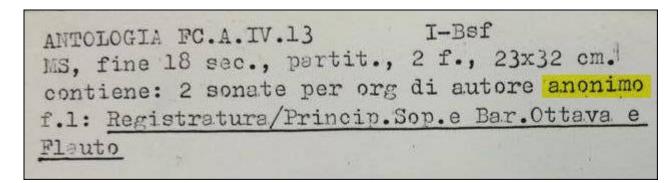


Here and throughout: You may enter additional information if you have it!

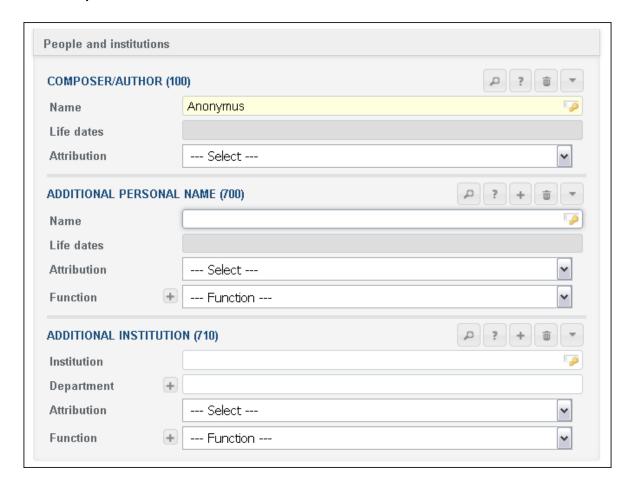
# **People and institutions**

# Composer/author (100)

Name: All pieces are anonymous



If the pieces are by different composers, then leave this field blank.



# Title and content description (1/2)

# ANTOLOGIA FC.A.IV.13 I-Bsf MS, fine 18 sec., partit., 2 f., 23x32 cm. contiene: 2 sonate per org di autore anonimo f.1: Registratura/Princip.Sop.e Bar.Ottava e Flauto

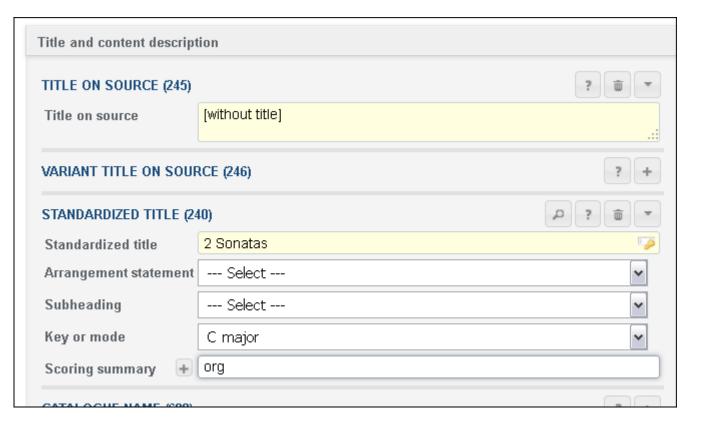
# Title on source (245)

• **Title on source**: If the manuscript has a title, then transcribe it here. We don't have a title, so enter [without title].

# Standardized title (240)

- Standardized title: Manuscript collections have "artificial" standardized titles, consisting of a number plus a unifying genre in plural. Here: 2 Sonatas
- Key: Both pieces are in C major
- Scoring summary: Both pieces are for org

If the key or scoring is different throughout, leave blank.



Sometimes in a collective manuscript, you can summarize the scoring. Sometimes you can't.

# Examples:

- A collection of vocal solos, duets, and quartets all with piano: V (X), pf
- A collection of songs for voice and piano and a string quartet: Leave blank

Title and content description (2/2)

```
ANTOLOGIA FC.A.IV.13 I-Bsf
MS, fine 18 sec., partit., 2 f., 23x32 cm.
contiene: 2 sonate per org di autore anonimo
f.1: Registratura/Princip.Sop.e Bar.Ottava e
Flauto
```

Subject heading (650): Enter if the genres are the same throughout. If not, leave blank.

**Description summary (520)**: For very big collections, this field helps users get an overview of what you have. In my example it's not necessary because my collection is very small. But this is just an example of what you might want to enter.

Total scoring (594): Enter if the scoring is the same throughout. It might help to fill this out after you've cataloged the entire collection.

Language code (041): For vocal music, enter if the language is the same throughout.

SUBJECT HEADING (650)		₽ <b>‡</b> ? <b>+ m ▼</b>	
Subject heading	Sonatas	<b></b>	
DESCRIPTION SUMMARY (520)		‡ ? + 🛍 ▾	
Description	Two sonatas for organ by anonymous composers		
summary			
TOTAL SCORING (594)		*   *   *   *   *   *	
Voice/instrument	org	<b></b>	
Number	1		
CODED INSTRUMENTATION (598)		<b>\$</b> ? +	
LANGUAGE CODE (041)		<b>‡</b> ? +	

Have you noticed a pattern? Enter information only if it applies to every piece in the entire collection.

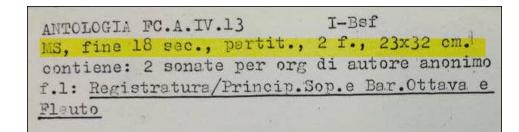
If your collection is diverse, a lot of fields will be left blank!

# **Material description**

Source type (593) Date (260) Physical description (300)

- Format
- Dimensions
  Parts held and extent (590)

If your source is complex with different materials, you can repeat the Physical description field or the Material description block. A note can explain the complexity.



Material description		55
SOURCE TYPE (593)		? 📦 🔻
Source type	Manuscript copy	~
Content type	Notated music	•
PUBLISHING, PRINTING AN	D PRODUCTION INFORMATION (260)	‡ ? + <b>*</b>
Place + -		
Publisher, copyist		
Date	1790-1799	
Location of printer		
Name of printer		
PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION (300)		‡ ? + <del>•</del>
Format, extent	1 part	
Other physical + - details		
Dimensions	23 x 32 cm	
PARTS HELD AND EXTENT (590)		‡ ? + <del>*</del>
Parts held	org	
Extent (parts)	2 f.	1

References and notes: We have no information that is required to fill out.

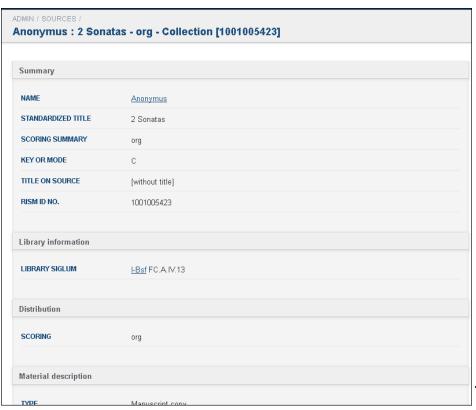
We do have this note:

```
ANTOLOGIA FC.A.IV.13 I-Bsf
MS, fine 18 sec., partit., 2 f., 23x32 cm.
contiene: 2 sonate per org di autore anonimo
f.1: Registratura/Princip.Sop.e Bar.Ottava e
Flauto
```

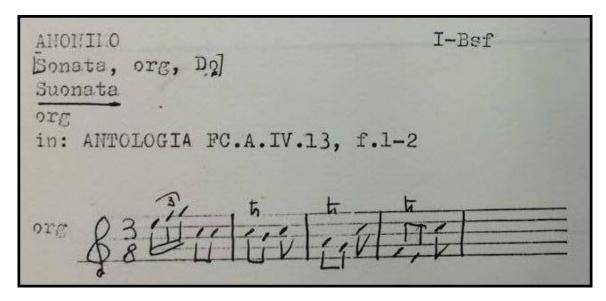
but since it is on p. 1, let's enter it when we describe the piece on that page.

Click Save, and we're done with the collection record!

Now on to the individual entries...



This is the first piece in the collection:



Start a regular, normal record for a manuscript source. You know the routine:

Actions

Click

Create

then

Music manuscripts

• Collection record for a music manuscript

• Individual entry in a music manuscript collection

• Single music manuscript

Printed music editions

• Collection record for a printed music edition

• Individual entry in a printed edition collection

• Single printed music edition

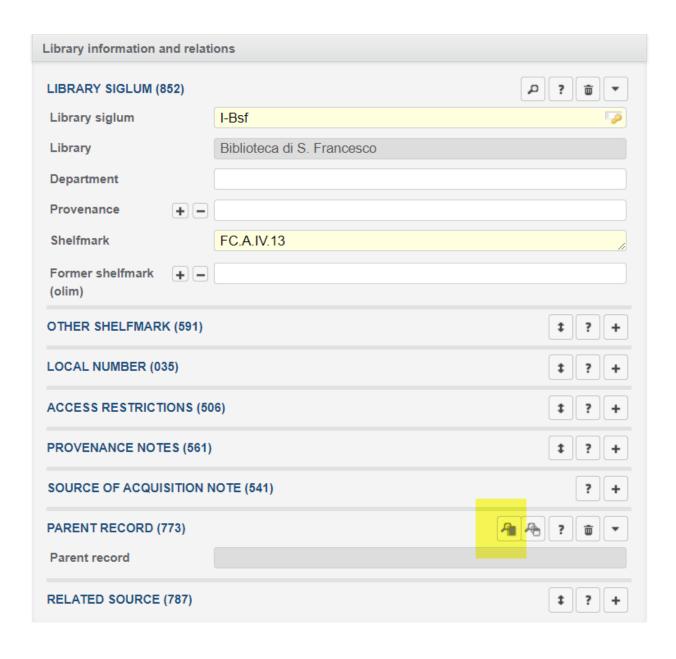
• Libretti, handwritten

· Collection record for handwritten libretti

· Single handwritten libretto

· Individual entry in a handwritten libretto collection

In the section **Library information and relations**, fill out:



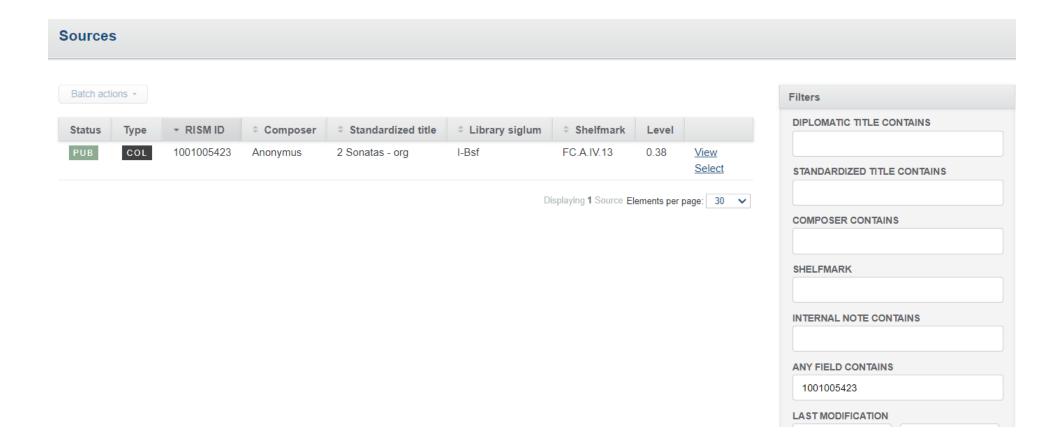
Library siglum (852)

- Library siglum
- Shelfmark

and make a link to the **Parent record** (773) here.

Click the magnifying glass to search.

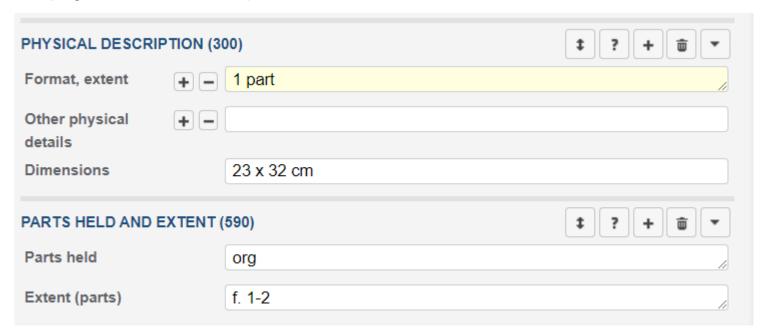
Search for your parent record. I usually copy the RISM ID number from the record:



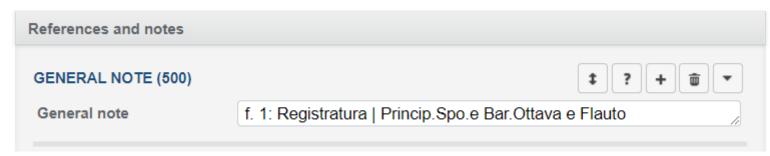
Click Select to make the link.

Continue the record just as you would for a normal source.

Note that the material description is specific to this piece within the collection, so you will enter the page numbers for the piece.



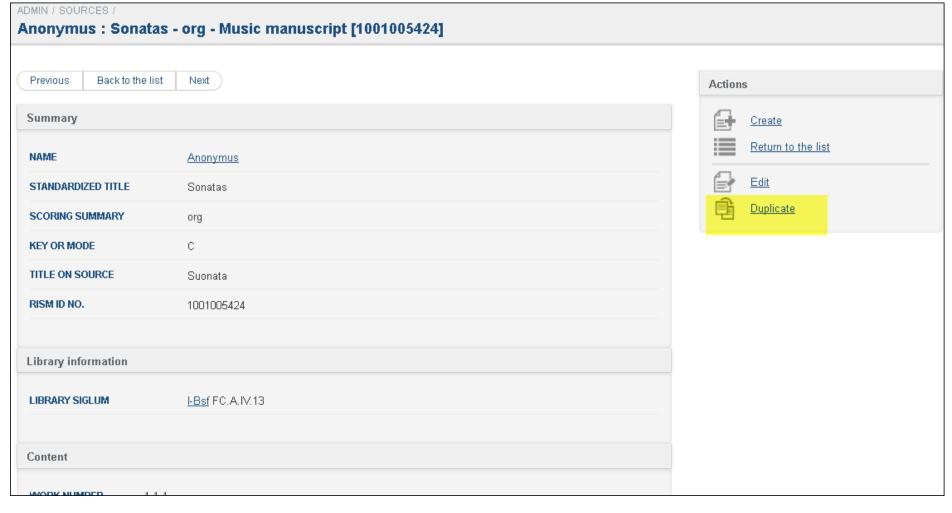
We can also add our note that appears on f. 1.



When you're done, click save.

# Second child record

Since the second piece is similar to the first, click **Duplicate** to copy the record.

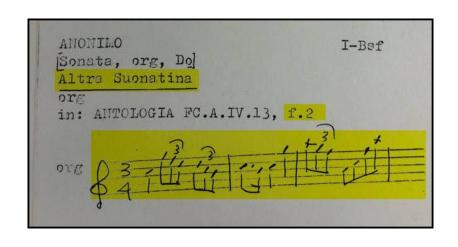


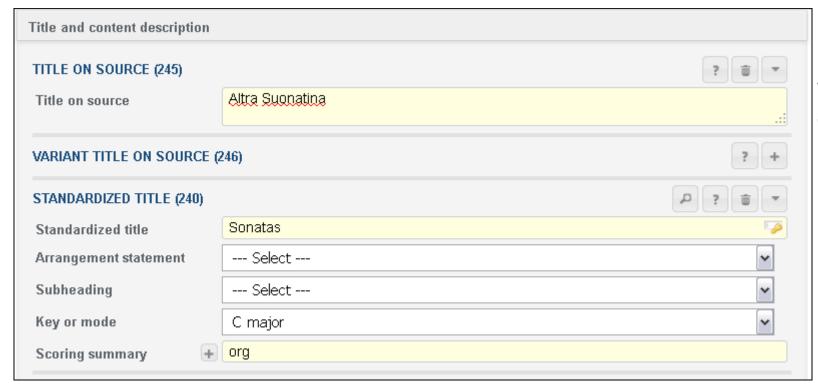
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#### Second child record

Now you only have to change the information that is different: the title, page number, and incipit.

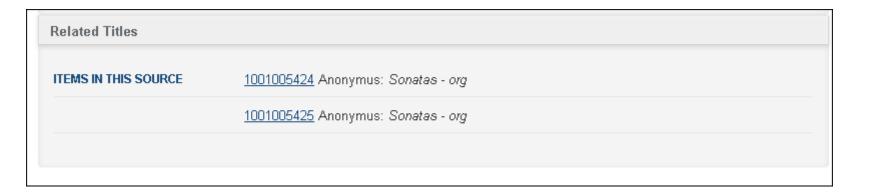
When using a duplicated record, don't forget to delete or replace information from the previous record that doesn't apply, such as composer, notes, or other references.

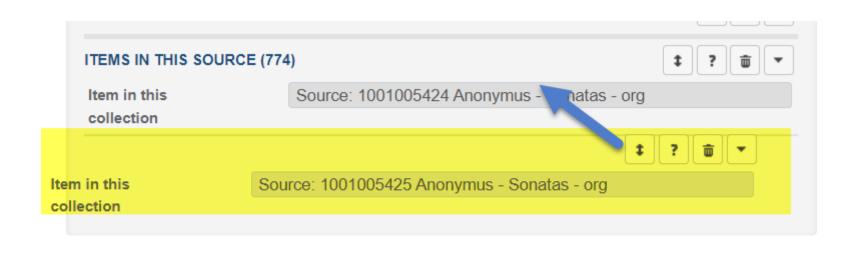




When you are done, click save.

The parent record now has links to both entries.





Do you need to re-order the child entries? In the edit mode of the parent, simply click the arrows of the one you want to move and drag it to its new place.